

CS 024, Discrete Structures II
Recursion and Counting

1. For $r, n \in \mathbf{N}$ with $r \leq n$, let $P(n, r)$ be the number of r -permutations of a set with n elements. An r -permutation of a set is an ordering of r of the elements of the set.
 - (a) Find a recursive formula for $P(n, r)$.
 - (b) Find a non-recursive formula for $P(n, r)$ that uses the factorial symbol.
 - (c) Find a non-recursive formula for $P(n, n)$.
2. For $r, n \in \mathbf{N}$ with $r \leq n$, let $C(n, r)$ be the number of r -element subsets of a set with n elements.
 - (a) Find a recursive formula for $C(n, r)$.
 - (b) Find a non-recursive formula for $C(n, r)$ that uses the factorial symbol.
 - (c) Find a formula relating $P(n, r)$ and $C(n, r)$.
3. Go back over what you have done and look at where you used multiplication and where you used addition. Relate this to the sum and product rules given here:
 - **Sum Rule.** Let A and B be disjoint sets. Then $|A \cup B| = |A| + |B|$.
 - **Product Rule.** Let A and B be (arbitrary) sets. Then $|A \times B| = |A||B|$.